



Music EYFS

	Listening and	Explore and Create	Singing	Share and Perform
	Responding to Music			
Year	know that music can touch your feelings	Perform a few nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or	To sing along with a pre-recorded song and add actions.	Perform a few nursery rhymes by singing and adding actions or
group N	can move to music by dancing, marching, being animals or Pop stars	dance.	To sing along with the backing track.	dance.
Year	Know that music can touch your	Can play games and complete	To sing along with a pre-recorded	Perform many nursery rhymes by
group R	feelings Can move to music by dancing,	activities designed to embed pulse, rhythm and pitch.	song and add actions. To sing along with the backing	singing and adding actions or dance.
	marching, being animals or Pop	Children listen to and work with	track.	Perform many nursery rhymes or
	stars	the Games Track to complete the following in relation to the main		songs adding a simple instrumental part.
		song:		Record the performance to talk about.
Vocabulary	Song words, clap, stamp, move, dance, instrument, drum, tambourine, bells, maracas, claves, glockenspiel and xylophone, loud, quiet, shake, tap, bang, pulse, beat, orchestra, violin, flute, clarinet, trombone, cellos, horn, tuba etc Percussion, high, low,			





Music KS1

	Listening and Responding to Music	Understanding and Using the Language of Music	Developing Perfomance Awareness and Skills
Year group 1	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning can demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music. can demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style. 	 can demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short). can demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition. 	 can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music. can demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing. can introduce my performance(s)
Vocabulary	Children will understand and use the following musical terms whilst singing and listening: Pulse, rhythm, pitch, rap, improvise, compose, melody, bass guitar, drums, decks, perform, singers, keyboard, percussion, trumpets, saxophones, Blues, Baroque, Latin, Irish Folk, Funk, pulse, rhythm, pitch, groove, audience, imagination.		
Year group 2	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including basic musical elements), from both prior and new learning. can demonstrate a basic understanding of how feelings can connect with/relate to music. can demonstrate some basic understanding of musical style. 	 can demonstrate an understanding and use of basic differences in pitch (high and low) and note duration (long and short). can demonstrate an understanding of the basic concepts of improvisation and composition. 	 can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music. can demonstrate a basic understanding of the importance of posture and technique when performing. can introduce my performance(s).
Vocabulary	Keyboard, drums, bass, electric guitar, saxophone	nd and use the following musical terms whilst singin e, trumpet, pulse, rhythm, pitch, improvise, compose o, perform/performance, audience, rap, Reggae, glo	e, audience, question and answer, melody,





Music Lower KS2

	Listening and Responding to Music	Understanding and Using the Language of Music	Developing Perfomance Awareness and Skills
Year group 3	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning. can identify and describe feelings as they relate to music. can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music. 	 can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song. can create a four or six-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task. When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided. 	 can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music. can demonstrate an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing. When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song: can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections. can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections. can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.
Vocabulary	Children will understand and use the following musical terms whilst singing and listening: Structure, intro/introduction, verse, chorus, improvise, compose, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, bass, drums, guitar, keyboard, synthesizer, hook, melody, texture, structure, electric guitar, organ, backing vocals, hook, riff, melody, Reggae, pentatonic scale, imagination, Disco.		
Year group 4	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning. 	 can make an informed decision as to which notes to use when composing and improvising with the song. 	 can demonstrate an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music. can demonstrate an understanding of the importance of posture,

	 can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music. can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections to the music. When playing instrumental parts with the sorng, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen, playing by ear or with the notation provided. When playing by ear or with the notation provided. With the notation provided. Can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections. Can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme. Can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight. 	
Vocabulary	Children will understand and use the following musical terms whilst singing and listening:	
	Keyboard, electric guitar, bass, drums, improvise, compose, melody, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, texture, structure, compose, improvise, hook, riff, melody, solo, pentatonic scale, unison, rhythm patterns, musical style, rapping, lyrics, choreography, digital/electronic sounds, turntables,	

synthesizers, by ear, notation, backing vocal, piano, organ, acoustic guitar, percussion, birdsong, civil rights, racism, equality.







	Listening and Responding to Music	Understanding and Using the Language of Music	Developing Perfomance Awareness and Skills
Year group 5	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language (including musical elements), from both prior and new learning. can identify and describe a variety of contrasting feelings as they relate to music. can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music. 	 can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when composing and improvising with the song. can create a four, six or eight-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task. When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen. My playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (I should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece). 	 can demonstrate with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when listening, moving to and performing music. can demonstrate – and can explain – an understanding of the importance of posture, diction and technique when performing. When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song: can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections. can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme. can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.
Vocabulary	Children will understand and use the following musical terms whilst singing and listening: Rock, bridge, backbeat, amplifier, chorus, bridge, riff, hook, improvise, compose, appraising, Bossa Nova, syncopation, structure, Swing, tune/head, note values, note names, Big bands, pulse, rhythm, solo, ballad, verse, interlude, tag ending, strings, piano, guitar, bass, drums, melody, cover, Oldschool Hip Hop, Rap, riff, synthesizer, deck, backing loops, Funk, scratching, unison, melody, cover, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, Soul,		
	groove, riff, bass line, brass section, harmony, melody.		
Year group 6	 can demonstrate an understanding and appropriate use of musical language 	 can make an informed decision as to which notes and expression to use when 	 can demonstrate with confidence an awareness of pulse/beat when

(including musical elements), from both
prior and new learning.
 can identify and describe a variety of
contrasting feelings as they relate to
music.
can demonstrate an understanding of the

 can demonstrate an understanding of the musical style and a broader understanding of the cultural and historical connections and context of the music

- composing and improvising with the song.
- can create a four, six, eight or 12-bar melody according to the instructions given for the Music Notepad composition task.
- When playing instrumental parts with the song, I can follow the instrumental part on the screen. My playing is secure – by ear or with the notation provided. (should aim to be able to read at least the simplest part of the piece). In Year 6, this includes any musical expression considered for the performance.

- listening, moving to and performing music.
- can demonstrate and can explain

 an understanding of the
 importance of posture, diction and
 technique when performing.
- When planning, rehearsing, introducing and performing the song:
- can introduce the performance with context and understanding of the song, the learning process and any other relevant connections.
- can understand and make connections between the music encountered and the Social Theme.
- can understand and apply learning from the Musical Spotlight.

Vocabulary

Children will understand and use the following musical terms whilst singing and listening:

style indicators, melody, compose, improvise, cover, pulse, rhythm, pitch, tempo, dynamics, timbre, texture, structure, dimensions of music, Neo Soul, producer, groove, Motown, hook, riff, solo, Blues, Jazz, improvise/improvisation, by ear, melody, riff, solo, ostinato, phrases, unison, Urban Gospel, civil rights, gender equality, unison, harmony